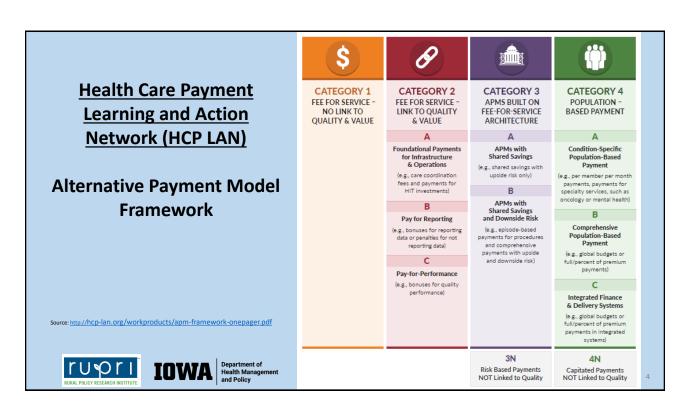


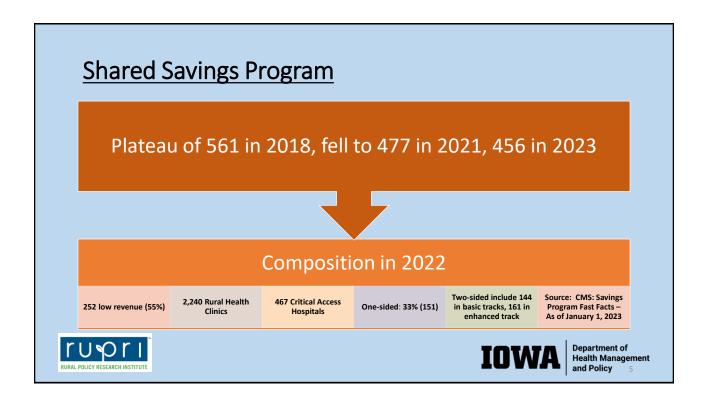
Landscape: Federal Policy Goals

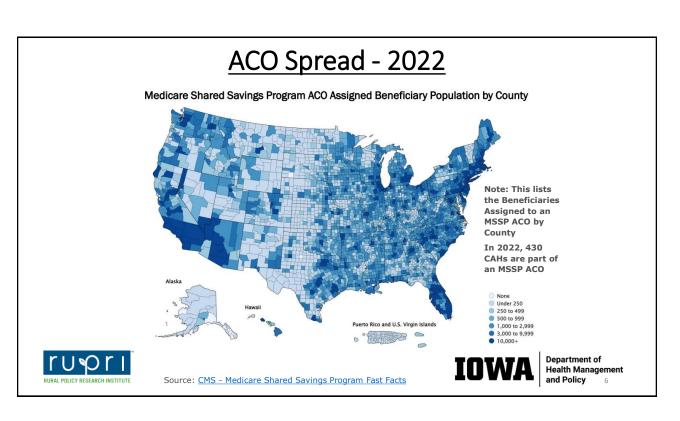
- Getting to categories 3 and 4 of HCPLAN model: alternative payment models with both upside shared savings and downside risk; population-based payment
- Federal policy goals to reach 100% of beneficiaries in an advanced payment model by 2030 – applied to both Medicare (directly) and Medicaid (through letters to state Medicaid directors)
- Specific actions
 - Medicare Shared Savings Program the <u>program</u>, not demonstrations
 - Other designs to shift downside risk to providers (global budgets, direct contracting, i.e. ACO REACH)
 - · Eye on the prize: quadruple aim

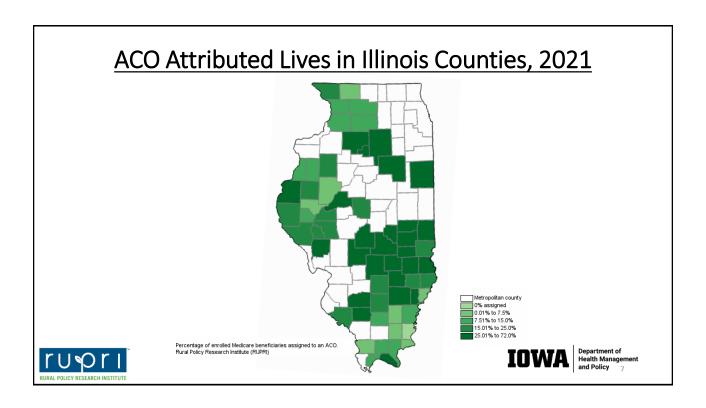


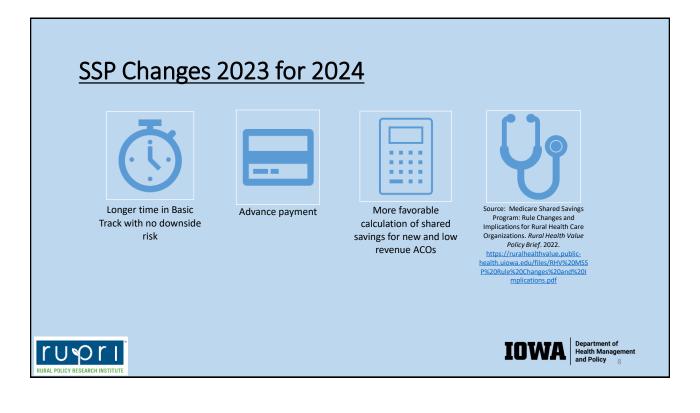












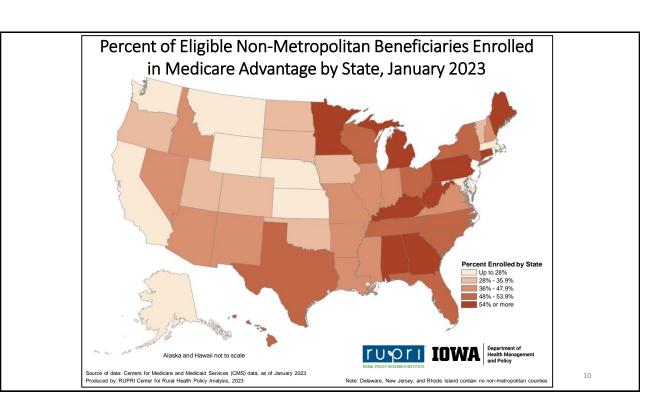
Medicare Advantage Has Arrived

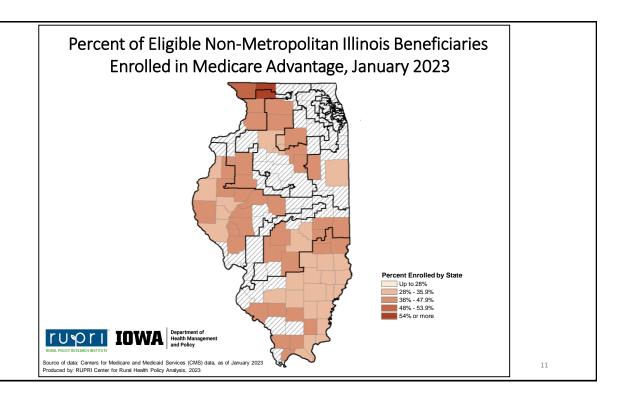


- Most recent data Kaiser Report (2023) shows that just over half of Medicare beneficiaries are enrolled in MA plans – 30.19 million of 59.82 million
- RUPRI Center report of 2022 enrollment shows rural enrollment at 38.8%, up from 34.6% in 2021 and 22.1% in 2016
- Maps show percent enrolled by state, and percent enrolled by county in Illinois in 2022









Implications of MA Growth

- Choices for rural beneficiaries
- Debate about quality of the benefits, but research evidence leans to better quality outcomes and more benefits to the beneficiaries
- MA plans are *private* plans contracting with health care organizations
- Opportunity or threat? Or both? critical element of the national and state landscapes







Landscape: Commercial Plans

- Helped create the bandwagon of VBP earliest efforts predated SSP
- Inherent interest in VBP based on
 - Marketing advantage
 - Reduces medical loss ratio
 - Impacts return on investment
 - Lower premiums in a competitive market
- Examples:
 - Cigna Collaborative Accountable Care Core Physicians in Exeter, NH:
 https://www.pcpcc.org/initiative/cigna-collaborative-accountable-care-core-physicians
 - Blue Cross NC, Caravan Health expanding Blue Premier to Community and Rural Hospitals: https://www.bluecrossnc.com/provider-news/blue-cross-nc-caravan-health-collaborate-expand-blue-premier-community-and-rural





Landscape: State Policies

- Medicaid payment policy, including requirements built into contracts with Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) – 29 require MCOs to implement VBP models; 26 define the types of VBP models
- State regulatory policies facilitate or inhibit change
- CMS role of transmittal letters to state Medicaid directors:
 - January 7, 2021, letter re opportunities to address SDOH
 - January 4, 2023, CMS guidance re SDOH waivers

Sources: Most States Require Managed Care Organizations to Implement VBP Models with Providers. *Insights* Guidehouse. July 19, 2022. https://guidehouse.com/insights/healthcare/2022/blogs/managed-care-implement-vbp-models?lang=en





Transforming Care

- Value-based care (basis for payment?): important to get into this stream
- Community engagement: pathway to success, action-oriented
- Care across the continuum: linkages to sites of care outside the community
- Focus on the benefits of integrated health teams that broaden locus of care to community-based services that can address preventive measures and living environments that influence chronic conditions







Changing Sites of Care

- Telehealth Disruptor?
 - Use increased dramatically in 2020-2021
 - Declined since 2021, but leveled off at higher percent of all visits than pre-PHE, including primary care
 - Not yet a major disruptor, but use in primary care and remote patient monitoring indicate potential impact
- Increased use of ambulatory sites for formerly inpatient services
- Shift in sites of care for rehabilitation, monitoring and treating chronic conditions







Effects on Legacy Sites

- Hospital information from previous presentation: closure, financial stress, onset of a new classification (Rural Emergency Hospitals)
- Closures of Skilled Nursing Facilities in Rural places: 472 in 400 nonmetropolitan counties between 2008 and 2018; as of 2018 10.1% of nonmetropolitan counties without a nursing home
- In 2021, 138 counties with no retail pharmacy, 101 in noncore counties and 15 in micropolitan counties

Sources: Sharma H et al. 2021. Trends in Nursing Home Closures in Nonmetropoitan and Metropolitan Counties in the United States, 2008-2018. Rural Policy Brief 2021-1. RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis. https://rupri.public-health.uiowa.edu/publications/policybriefs/2021/Rural%20NH%20Closure.pdf

RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis. 2022. Nursing Homes in Rural America: A Chartbook. https://rupri.public-bealth.uinwa.edu/nublications/ather/Nursing%20Home%20Chartbook.ndf

Constantin J, Ullrich F, and Mueller KJ. 2022. Rural and Urban Pharmacy Presence – Pharmacy Deserts. Rural Policy Brief 2022-2. RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis. https://rupri.public-health.uiowa.edu/publications/policybriefs/2022/Pharmacy%20Deserts.pdf.







One Possible Scenario: Old Wine in New Bottles

- New <u>Bottle</u>: combination of new payment and new treatment modalities
- Old Wine: Traditional organizational configuration and reliance on volume as driver of payment
- Consequence: Short term survival (perhaps); long term problems as payment continues to shift and modality changes bring new competitors —missed opportunities







A Different Scenario: New Wine in New Bottles

- New Bottle: combination of new payment and new treatment modalities
- New Wine: (example): community health care organizations (including, most often led by, hospitals) providing services through health teams and negotiating (or accepting) new payment designs that support strategies tied to quadruple aim
- Consequence: sustainable services appropriate for each community – optimizing opportunities created by changes in payment and treatment modalities







<u>Implication: What Needs to be Done</u>

- Take full advantage of advances in health care to shift locus of care to most cost-effective site
- Take full advantage of any investment capital available to build and maintain information systems
- Take full advantage of support for building networks and taking action through networks
- For healthcare organizations, the analogy of building a race car to get into the fast lane to VBP still holds (originally presented in 2018)





Building the Race Car: Engine is Finance

• Current finance: pro forma

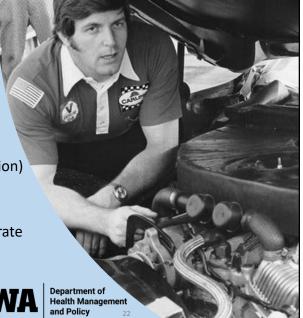
Operating in a shared savings environment

 Understanding cross-payer issues (helps tremendously to be an all-payer demonstration)

· Operating at full risk

 Crucial to keep it lubricated: in McCready biweekly meetings of CEO and CFO to make rate adjustments





The Wheels for the Car

- Community partnerships
- Maintains continuous progress toward community health objectives
- Maintaining tire pressure: spreading resources to meet health needs through the appropriate agency







The Body of the Car: Strategies and Tactics

- Care management for high-risk patients
- Identifying pressure points driving expenditures and work to control (readmissions down in MD; "high-flyers" in emergency rooms)
- Population health measures to achieve community health goals







Department of **Health Management**

Rural Health Value Resources

- Value-based Care Assessment tool: https://ruralhealthvalue.publichealth.uiowa.edu/TnR/vbc/vbctool.php
- Social determinants of health opportunities guide: https://ruralhealthvalue.public- health.uiowa.edu/files/Understanding%20the%20Social%20De terminants%20of%20Health.pdf
- Care Coordination: A Self-Assessment for Rural Health Providers and Organizations: https://ruralhealthvalue.public-health.uiowa.edu/files/RHV%20Care%20Coordination%20Assessment.pdf









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Further Resources

The RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis

http://cph.uiowa.edu/rupri



The RUPRI Health Panel

http://www.rupri.org





- ✓ The National Rural Health Resource Center https://www.ruralcenter.org/
- ✓ The Rural Health Information Hub https://www.ruralhealthinfo.org/
- ✓ The National Rural Health Association https://www.ruralhealthweb.org/
- ✓ The American Hospital Association https://www.aha.org/front

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For more than 30 years, the Rural Health Research Centers have been conducting policy-relevant research on healthcare in rural areas and providing a voice for rural communities in the policy process.



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